

BCT 4540: VMware Consolidated Backup Best Practices, Tips and Tricks

Christian Czeatke
Staff Engineer, VMware



VMWORLD 2006

Overview

- Best Practices
 - > On COS and Proxy
 - > Snapshots
 - > Proxy Performance/Setup Recommendations
 - > Security: Create vcbuser

- Tips and Tricks
 - > VCB on COS and Proxy
 - > Command Line Utilities
 - > VCB DIY - Fun with VCB
 - Project #1: Image level backup/single file restore
 - Project #2: Back up single disk of a VM

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The Two Identities of VCB

- On the Backup Proxy (VCB on Windows)
 - > Offloaded direct-off-SAN backup for VMs
 - > File level Backups (Windows guests)
 - > Full VM Backups
 - > Integration with 3rd party backup applications
- On the Service Console (COS)
 - > Full VM Backups/Restores
 - > Back up Any VM on any ESX box in a Farm (3.0.1)
 - > Replacing vmsnap.pl & friends
- Some best practices apply to both cases!

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Best Practices - Generic

■ ESX Snapshots and Storage

- > While snapshot exists, writes are absorbed in redo log (COW file)
- > Redo log is not a continuous log, but keeps only one copy of touched block => size bounded by size of base disk
- > Redo log grows dynamically (16MB increments)
- > Usually much smaller than base disk, depending on workload in VM ("working set") and time required for backup
- > Redo logs improved significantly in VI3

Best Practices - Generic

- ESX Snapshots and Storage

- > When a redo log grows, VMFS metadata change requires acquisition of VMFS lock
- > Lock contention comes from multiple ESX hosts trying to grow redo logs on the same VMFS file system
- > Don't kick hundreds of VMs into snapshot mode at once...
- > If you back up multiple VMs simultaneously, pick VMs on different VMFSes or keep them clustered on small number of ESX machines (DRS affinity rules)

Best Practices - Generic

- Proxy accesses virtual disks using metadata provided by ESX server
- Metadata describes location of virtual disk blocks on physical medium
- Very compact for base disk only
- Pre-existing snapshot for VM with random IO pattern can cause list to become huge
 - > Might degrade VM performance
 - > Increased resource consumption on proxy

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Best Practices - Proxy Performance

- Workload on proxy usually I/O bound, not CPU bound
- Know your bottleneck:
 - > # of spare IOPs for backing up VMFS LUN
 - > Fiber Channel throughput to proxy
 - > for full VM: throughput to holding space
 - > # of IOPs your backup SW can push to backup target

Best Practices - Proxy Performance

- vLUN throughput should be close to native file system access for SAN LUN => Consult backup vendor sizing guide
- Full VM backup requires intermediate copy step
 - > If using 3rd party SW to write to tape, try using multiple jobs in parallel (if your backup SW permits...)
 - > Low number of parallel jobs should be OK

Best Practices - Proxy Performance

- If performing full VM backup or if target is disk, consider
 - > putting target volume on SAN rather than local disk (one spindle on destination vs. many on source)
 - > dedicating different HBAs for reading data (VMFS) and for writing data (holding space)

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Best Practices - Create VCB User

- Avoid hardcoding the Administrator's username and password on the proxy
- Create user "vcbuser" for backup
- Add a Custom Role "VCB" in VirtualCenter and assign minimum set of privileges for backup:
 - > VirtualMachine/Provisioning/Allow Virtual Machine Download
 - > VirtualMachine/State/CreateSnapshot
 - > VirtualMachine/State/RemoveSnapshot
 - > VirtualMachine/Configuration/DiskLease
- Use this user on backup proxy instead of Administrator

Overview

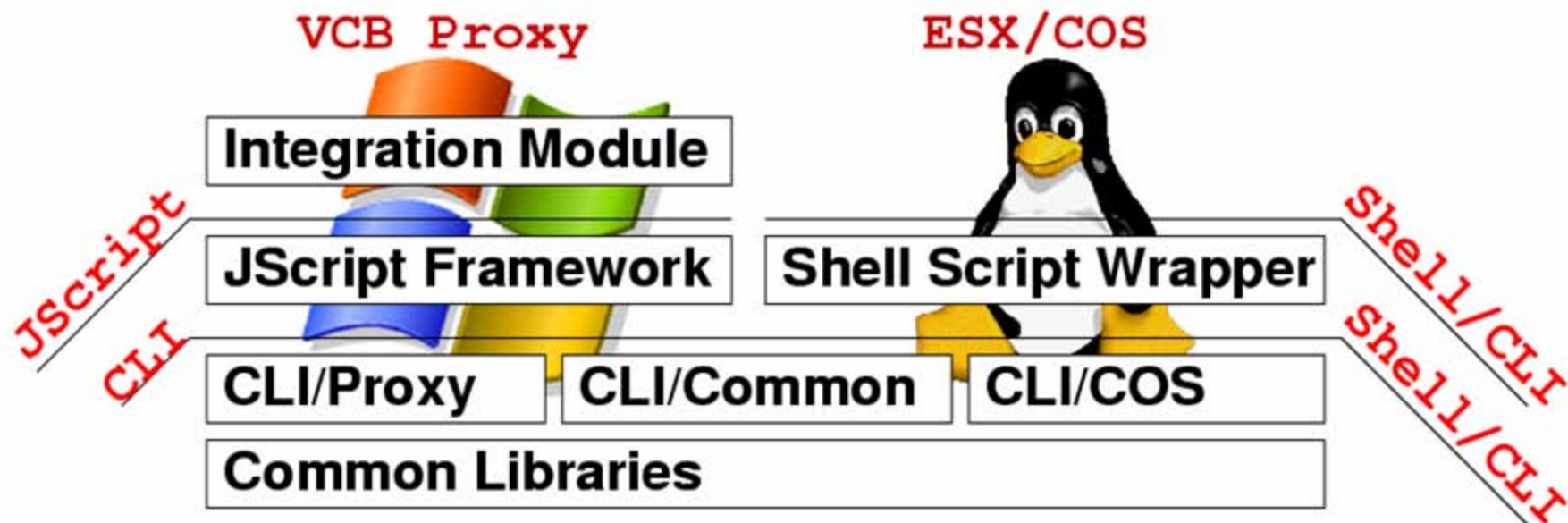
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VCB Overview



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VCB: CLI/Common

- Platform-independent Command Line Utilities Available on Proxy/COS

- > `vcbVmName`

- Search for VMs and obtain some basic configuration info.

- > `vcbSnapshot`

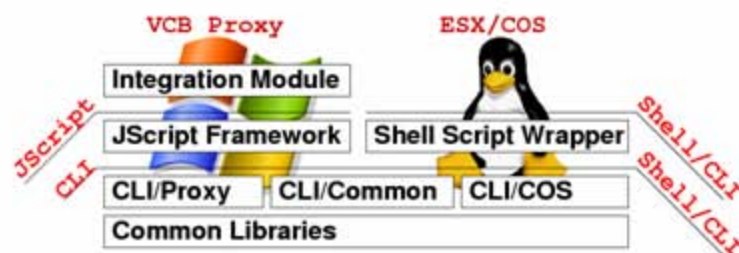
- Create/Delete/Find/Get Properties for VM snapshots

- > `vcbMounter`

- Get access to VM data to be backed up (the swiss army knife)

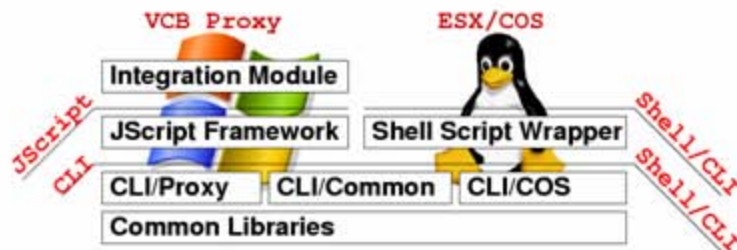
- > `vcbExport`

- Export a disk from a VM snapshot



VCB: CLI/Proxy

- Command line utilities only available on the VCB proxy
 - > mountvm
 - Manually mount a VM's disk(s) ("loopback mount for VMDKs on Windows")



VCB: CLI/COS

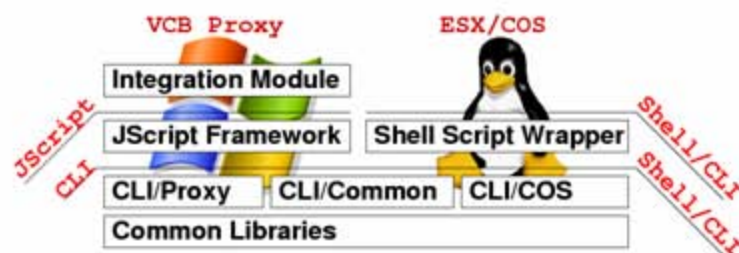
- Command Line Utilities only available on ESX/COS

- > `vcbRestore`

- Restore a virtual machine backed up by VCB or on ESX 2.5.x

- > `vcbUtil`

- Query some info from VC required for restoring a VM to a different Resource Pool or a different location



Using VCB Command Line Utilities

- Allows you to do “non-standard things”
- Interface similar on Proxy and ESX/COS
- Not all commands available on both (CLI/COS, CLI/Proxy)
 - > mountvm only on Proxy
 - > vcbRestore, vcbUtil only on ESX/COS
 - > On ESX/COS, vcbMounter can only do full VM backups

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Project #1: Single File Restore

- Q: Can I get to individual files from a full VM backup?
- A: Yes, (for Windows). -- You can use VCB's "mountvm" utility to mount the file system(s) inside your .vmdk files

Project #1: Single File Restore

- Let's have a look at a full VM Backup:

Name ▲	Size	Type
 catalog	2 KB	File
 nvram	9 KB	File
 scsi1-0-0-winxp-sameer.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
 scsi1-0-0-winxp-sameer-s001.vmdk	2,082,36...	VMDK File
 scsi1-0-0-winxp-sameer-s002.vmdk	64 KB	VMDK File
 scsi1-2-0-data-sameer.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
 scsi1-2-0-data-sameer-s001.vmdk	1,829,88...	VMDK File
 scsi1-3-0-zerod.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
 scsi1-3-0-zerod-s001.vmdk	3,648 KB	VMDK File
 scsi1-15-0-thin.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
 scsi1-15-0-thin-s001.vmdk	998,592 KB	VMDK File

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scsi1-2-0-data-sameer.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
scsi1-2-0-data-sameer-s001.vmdk	1,829,88...	VMDK File
scsi1-3-0-zero.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
scsi1-3-0-zero-s001.vmdk	3,648 KB	VMDK File
scsi1-15-0-thin.vmdk	1 KB	VMDK File
scsi1-15-0-thin-s001.vmdk	998,592 KB	VMDK File

Project #1: Single File Restore

- Let's mount the disks:

```
mountvm
```

```
-d e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-0-0-winxp-sameer.vmdk  
-d e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-2-0-data-sameer.vmdk  
-d e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-3-0-zero.d.vmdk  
-d e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-15-0-thin.vmdk  
-cycleId e:\mnt\vm37
```

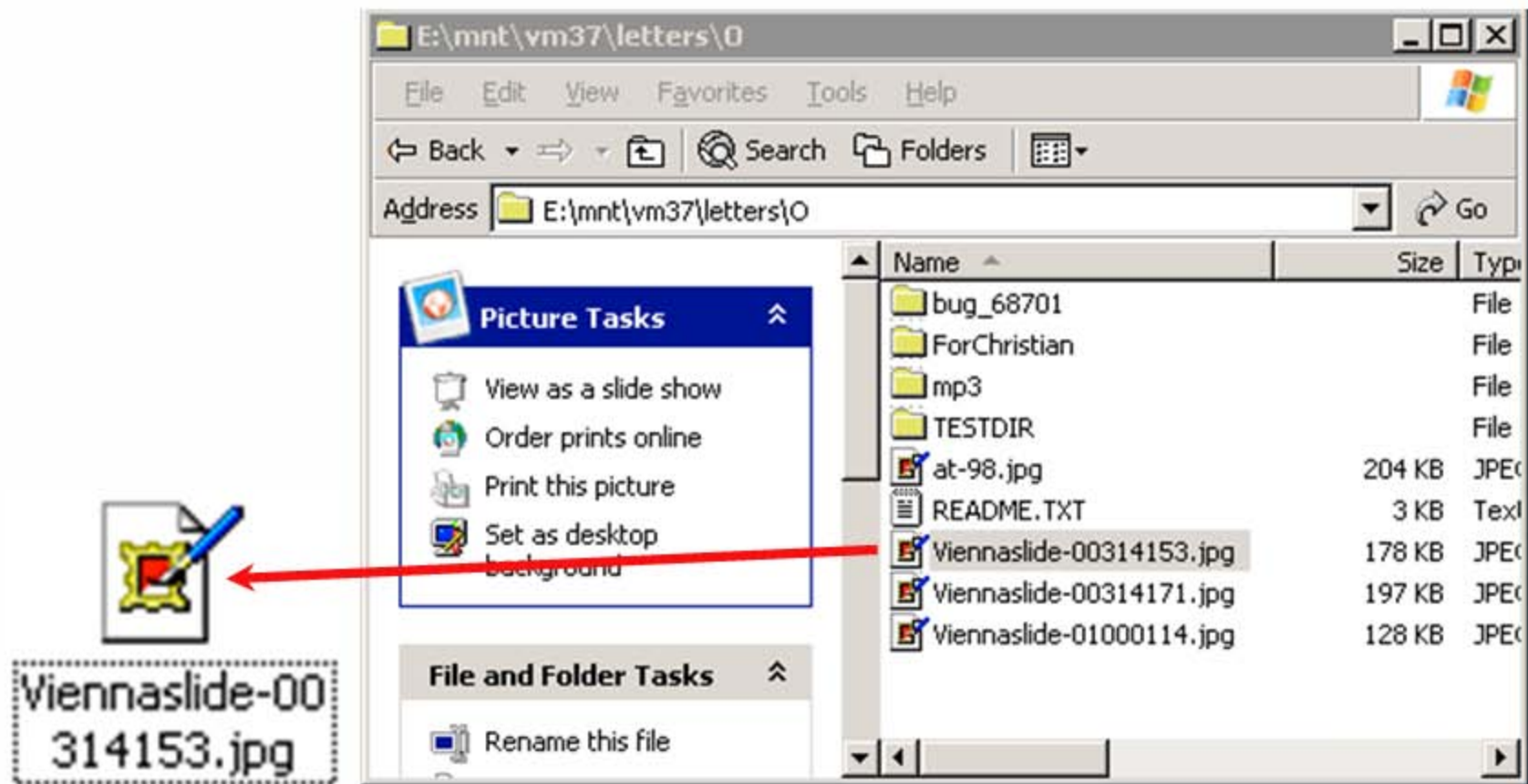
- Must use absolute path to disk!
- If you have multiple bootable volumes: Specify actual boot drive first
- cycleID: Override GUIDs on disks (cloned VMs)
- Specify mount point

Project #1: Single File Restore

- What you get:
- ```
Opened disk: e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-0-0-winxp-sameer.vmdk
Opened disk: e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-2-0-data-sameer.vmdk
Opened disk: e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-3-0-zerod.vmdk
Opened disk: e:\mnt\newtest\scsi1-15-0-thin.vmdk
Proceeding to analyze volumes
Done mounting
Volume 1 mounted at e:\mnt\vm37\digits\1 (mbSize=2039
fsType=NTFS)
Volume 2 mounted at e:\mnt\vm37\digits\2 (mbSize=1997
fsType=NTFS)
Volume 3 mounted at e:\mnt\vm37\digits\3 (mbSize=98
fsType=NTFS)
Volume 4 mounted at e:\mnt\vm37\digits\4 (mbSize=1021
fsType=NTFS)
Volume 1 also mounted on e:\mnt\vm37\letters\C
Volume 2 also mounted on e:\mnt\vm37\letters\O
Volume 3 also mounted on e:\mnt\vm37\letters\E
Volume 4 also mounted on e:\mnt\vm37\letters\Z
```

## Project #1: Single File Restore

- Now Copy Files:





## Project #1: Single File Restore

- Finally Unmount:

- `mountvm -u e:\mnt\vm37`

```
Unmounted e:\mnt\vm37\digits\1\ (formatted)
Unmounted e:\mnt\vm37\digits\2\ (formatted)
Unmounted e:\mnt\vm37\digits\3\ (formatted)
Unmounted e:\mnt\vm37\digits\4\ (formatted)
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\digits\1\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\digits\2\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\digits\3\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\digits\4\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\digits\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\letters\C\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\letters\E\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\letters\O\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\letters\Z\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37\letters\
Deleted directory e:\mnt\vm37
```

## Project #1: Single File Restore

- Now let's automate this:
  - > A simple shell script can be used to automate this:  
`fullmount e:/mnt/newtest e:/mnt/vm37`
  - > Mounts a VCB backed up full VM  
You specify: Directory containing VM  
Mount point (will be created)
  - > Script (cygwin bash) is ~30LOC

## Project #1: Single File Restore

```
#!/bin/bash

#Where to find "mountvm"
VCB_PATH="c:/Program Files/VMware/VMware Consolidated Backup"

At first, find the full path to the base dir
BASEDIR="$1"
MOUNTPOINT="$2"
if ["$BASEDIR" == "" -o "$MOUNTPOINT" == ""] ; then
 echo "Usage: fullmount <dir> <mountpoint>" >&2
 echo " <mountpoint> and <dir> must be an absolute path" >&2
 exit 1
fi

ls "$BASEDIR"/*.vmdk | grep -v -- -s[0-9][0-9]*.vmdk\$ | \
(while read item
do
 DISKS=$DISKS"-d \"$item" "
done
"$VCB_PATH"/mountvm $DISKS -cycleId "$MOUNTPOINT"
)
rv=$?
if ["$rv" != "0"] ; then
 echo "Could not mount any .vmdk files from $BASEDIR" >&2
fi
exit $rv
```

## Project #1: Single File Restore

- This is powerful stuff, let your imagination go wild!
  - > Automatically mount/retrieve specified set of files/unmount
  - > Run virus checker on exported disks  
(mountvm -rw -persistent options)
  - > ...



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## Sample Project: Back up Individual Disks

- Q: I want an image backup of my bootdisk only using VCB, but a full VM backup always exports all the disks. How can I do this with VCB?
- A: Yes. But you have to do a little (more) scripting:
  - > Use vcbVmName to get VM's ID
  - > Use vcbSnapshot to create snapshot
  - > Use vcbSnapshot to get list of disks in snapshot
  - > Use vcbExport to export desired disks
  - > Use vcbSnapshot to remove snapshot

## Sample Project: Back up Individual Disks

- Script (bash/cygwin) is ~100LOC
- Runs on both the COS and the VCB proxy!
- Example:  

```
export_disk vcserver.company.com
 vcbuser vcbPasswd name:Sameer
 scsi1.0 bootdisk.vmdk
```
- Example exports disk that is mapped to SCSI adapter #1, target #0 in the guest
- Disk is exported to "bootdisk.vmdk"
- Done by using VCB command line utilities and parsing their output

# Sample Project: Back up Individual Disks

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
export HOST="$1"
export USER="$2"
export PASSWD="$3"
VM_ID="$4"
DISK_ID="$5"
export DEST_NAME="$6"

export VCB_PATH="c:/ceci/vcb"
VM_CACHEFILE="$VCB_PATH/vmName.cache"
SNAPSHOT_NAME="_VCB-DEMO_"
```

```
function export_disk
```

```
{
 source="$1"
 dest="$2"

 echo exporting $1 to $2
 if [`uname` == Linux] ; then
 # running on the COS
 path=`echo ${source#*}`
 datastore=`echo ${source%*} | sed s@[[:alpha:]]*[@]`
 source="/vmfs/volumes/${datastore}/${path}"
 else
 # running on Proxy
 source="blklist://$${SSID}${source}@$${HOST}?$${USER}/$${PASSWD}"
 fi
 "$VCB_PATH/vcbExport" -d "$dest" -s "$source"
}
```

```
Get VM's MoRef
```

```
echo "Searching for VM..."
VM_MOREF="$VCB_PATH/vcbVmName -h "$HOST" -u "$USER" -p "$PASSWD" \
 -c "$VM_CACHEFILE" -s "$VM_ID" | grep ^moref: | tr -d \\r"
if ["$VM_MOREF" == ""] ; then
 echo "Cannot find VM specified by VM_ID" >&2
 exit 1
fi
echo Found VM: $VM_MOREF
[]
```

```
Create VM snapshot for backup
```

```
echo Creating Snapshot
SSID="$VCB_PATH/vcbSnapshot -h "$HOST" -u "$USER" -p "$PASSWD" \
 -c "$VM_MOREF" "$SNAPSHOT_NAME" "VCB Demo" | grep -i ^ssid: | \
 tr -d \\r"
remove prepended "ssid:"
SSID=${SSID#*:}
if ["$SSID" == ""] ; then
 echo "Cannot create VM snapshot" >&2
 exit 2
fi
export SSID
echo Snapshot created

echo "Starting disk export"
get list of disks
"$VCB_PATH/vcbSnapshot -h "$HOST" -u "$USER" -p "$PASSWD" \
 -l "$VM_MOREF" ssid:$SSID | grep ^ascsi | tr -d \\r | \
(
 while read item
 do
 if ["${item%%:*}" == "${DISK_ID}"] ; then
 # We found the disk to export
 export_disk "${item#*:}" "${DEST_NAME}"
 fi
 done
)

if [! -f "${DEST_NAME}"] ; then
 echo Disk Export failed >&2
 result=5
else
 result=0
fi

echo "Removing Snapshot"
Remove snapshot
"$VCB_PATH/vcbSnapshot -h "$HOST" -u "$USER" -p "$PASSWD" \
 -d "$VM_MOREF" ssid:$SSID
rv=$?
if ["$rv" != "0"] ; then
 echo "Could not remove snapshot" >&2
 result=3
else
 echo "Snapshot removed"
fi
exit $result
```

## Q&A

## Presentation Download

Please remember to complete your  
**session evaluation form**  
and return it to the room monitors  
as you exit the session

The presentation for this session can be downloaded at  
**<http://www.vmware.com/vmtn/vmworld/sessions/>**

Enter the following to download (case-sensitive):

**Username: cbv\_rep**  
**Password: cbvfor9v9r**

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